

Requested Patent: EP0761193A2

Title: ABSORBENT ARTICLE OF PANTS TYPE ;

Abstracted Patent: EP0761193 ;

Publication Date: 1997-03-12 ;

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Application Number: EP19960305695 19960801 ;

Priority Number(s): JP19950197732 19950802 ;

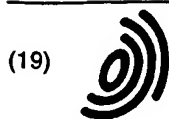
IPC Classification: A61F13/15 ;

Equivalents:

AU6073196, AU714939, CA2181955, DE69617565D, DE69617565T, JP3515834B2,
JP9038134, KR158550, US5749865 ;

ABSTRACT:

An absorbent article of pants type comprises a front waist-opening marginal stretchable region (23a) and a front waist stretchable region (24a) having upper, intermediate and lower stretchable subregions (28a,28b,28c). Their elongation stresses stand in a relationship of the front waist-opening marginal stretchable region (23a)



(19)

Europäisches Patentamt
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(11)

EP 0 761 193 A2

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
12.03.1997 Bulletin 1997/11

(51) Int Cl.⁶: A61F 13/15

(21) Application number: 96305695.7

(22) Date of filing: 01.08.1996

(84) Designated Contracting States:
BE DE FR GB IT NL SE

(30) Priority: 02.08.1995 JP 197732/95

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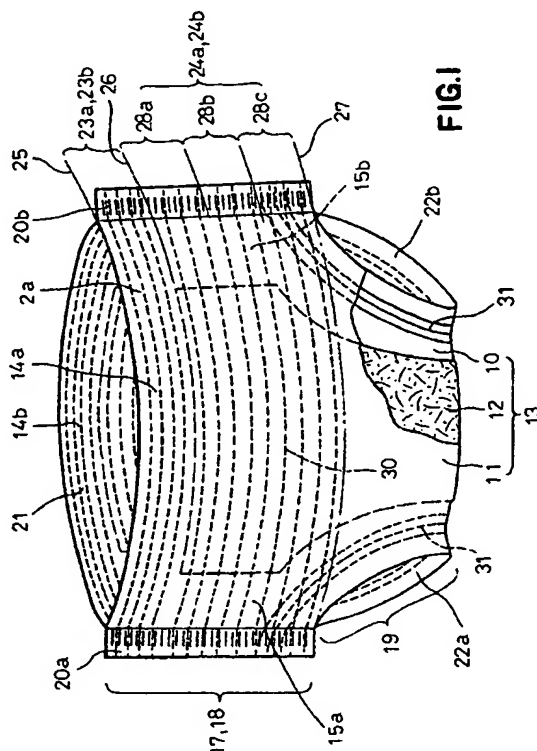
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(54) Absorbent article of pants type

(57) An absorbent article of pants type comprises a front waist-opening marginal stretchable region (23a) and a front waist stretchable region (24a) having upper, intermediate and lower stretchable subregions (28a,

28b, 28c). Their elongation stresses stand in a relationship of the front waist-opening marginal stretchable region (23a) > the lower stretchable subregion (28c) > the upper stretchable subregion (28a) > the intermediate stretchable subregion (28b).



Description

The present invention relates to an absorbent article of pants type and more particularly to a disposable absorbent article of pants type such as a diaper of pants type, incontinence pants, or training pants.

To improve the fitting of a disposable diaper to a wearer's body, it is well known, for example, from Japanese Patent Application Publication No. Hei7-44945 to provide a plurality of elastic members (referred to hereinafter as auxiliary elastic members) in respective middle regions of front and rear waist regions of the diaper between a stretchable waist-opening and a pair of stretchable leg-openings.

Generally, a baby's body form is characterized by a prominent belly. Therefore, once the waist-opening's upper edge of the diaper put on a baby's body has shifted downward beyond the apex of the baby's prominent belly as the baby moves, the diaper tends to shift further downward along the curve of the belly's prominence, often resulting in "slip down" of the diaper as a whole, even if it is not complete "slip down". Such "slip down" necessarily results in reduced fitting and causes undesirable excretion leakage.

The disposable diaper disclosed by Japanese Patent Application Publication No. Hei7-44945 mentioned hereinabove as an example of the prior art will be now considered. In this diaper, the auxiliary elastic members are concentratively distributed in the respective middle regions of the diaper's front and rear waist regions and these middle regions provided with the auxiliary elastic members will be located around the apex of the belly's prominence when the diaper is put on a baby's body. Thus, it will be difficult for these auxiliary elastic members to prevent said "slip down" and they tend to exert on the middle regions of a baby's belly an excessive pressure which may obstruct the baby's smooth abdominal breathing.

In general, the disposable diaper is provided between top- and backsheets with a liquid-absorbent core panel comprising a mixture of various materials such as fluff obtained by crushing woody pulp fibers and super-absorptive polymer particles. The core panel is usually more or less compressed and therefore semi-rigid. With the diaper containing such liquid-absorbent core panel, desired elasticities of the elastic members provided around the waist- and leg-openings, particularly elasticities of the elastic members provided around the leg-openings, are often affected by the semi-rigid core panel so that the regions of the diaper extending in the proximity of the leg-openings may be lifted off the baby's skin and consequently cause undesirable excretion leakage.

It has been found by the inventors that the aforesaid problems can be effectively eliminated by arranging elastic members of relatively high elongation stresses in waist-opening marginal regions as well as in upper and lower subregions of the front and rear waist regions of the diaper, so that elastic members arranged in inter-

mediate subregions of the front and rear waist regions may preferably function to hold an inner surface of the diaper in these subregions in soft but gap-free contact with the baby's skin. It has been also found that elongation stresses of the auxiliary elastic members provided on the rear waist region may be lower than those of the auxiliary elastic members provided on the front waist region of the diaper because, in view of the particular body form substantially common to babies, the rear waist region is less important than the front waist region for prevention of the aforesaid "slip down".

The invention is based on the above-mentioned findings and aims to construct an absorbent article of pants type, such as a diaper, considering the typical body form of a baby as well as functions of respective components of the articles, so that the auxiliary elastic members as well as the elongation stresses thereof may be efficiently distributed substantially all over the front and rear waist regions of the article.

The object set forth above is achieved, according to the invention, by an absorbent article of pants type comprising a laminated panel composed of a liquid-permeable topsheet, a liquid-impermeable backsheet and a liquid-absorbent core panel disposed between the topsheet and the backsheet, the laminated panel being folded in two sections followed by bonding these two sections along transversely opposite side edges except a longitudinally intermediate region so as to define front and rear waist regions, a crotch region, a waist-opening and a pair of leg-openings, wherein there are provided first elastic means around the waist-opening so as to be circumferentially stretchable, second elastic means around each of the leg-openings so as to be circumferentially stretchable and third elastic means transversely extending between the waist-opening and the leg-openings across the core panel so as to be circumferentially stretchable, characterized in that: the first elastic means is arranged in front and rear waist-opening marginal stretchable regions defined between respective upper ends of the waist-opening and respective first border lines transversely extending along respective upper ends of the core panel as viewed in the front and rear waist regions; the third elastic means provided on the front waist region is arranged in a front waist stretchable region defined between the first border line in the front waist region and a second border line connecting respective upper portions of the pair of leg-openings in the front waist region; the front waist stretchable region comprises upper, intermediate and lower stretchable subregions; and the first elastic means in the front waist-opening marginal stretchable region presents an elongation stress higher than that presented by the third elastic means in each of the upper and lower stretchable subregions, and the third elastic means in each of the upper and lower stretchable subregions present an elongation stress higher than that presented by the third elastic means in the intermediate stretchable subregion.

The invention will now be described by way of ex-

ample with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein:-

Fig. 1 is a perspective view, partially broken away, of a disposable diaper as an example of an absorbent article of pants type according to one embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 2 is a plan view showing an arrangement of elastic means as a laminated panel constituting the diaper being unfolded;

Fig. 3 is a view similar to Fig. 2, showing an alternative arrangement of the elastic means;

Fig. 4 is a fragmentary plan view showing another type of the elastic means; and

Fig. 5 is a view similar to Fig. 4, showing still another type of the elastic members.

Referring to Figs. 1 and 2, a diaper has a rectangular laminated panel 13 comprising a liquid-permeable topsheet 10, a liquid-impermeable backsheet 11 and an hourglass-shaped liquid-absorbent core panel 12 disposed between these top-and backsheets 10, 11. In the laminated panel 13, the top-and backsheets 10, 11 are bonded to each other at their portions extending outward beyond an outer peripheral edge of the core panel 12 so as to form longitudinally opposite end flaps 14a, 14b as well as transversely opposite side flaps 15a, 15b. The side flaps 15a, 15b have, over their longitudinally middle portions, cutouts 16a, 16b describing circular arcs along respective outer side edge portions of the side flaps 15a, 15b and these cutouts 16a, 16b form respective leg-openings.

The laminated panel 13 may be divided into a front waist region 17, a rear waist region 18 and a crotch region 19 longitudinally extending between the front and rear waist regions 17, 18. The laminated panel 13 is folded in two sections with the topsheet 10 inside and transversely opposite side edges 20a, 20b of the front and rear waist regions 17, 18 are intermittently ultrasonic-welded together in the longitudinal direction to obtain the desired diaper of pants type having a waist-opening 21 and a pair of leg-openings 22a, 22b.

The diaper has front and rear waist-opening marginal stretchable regions 23a, 23b as well as front and rear waist stretchable regions 24a, 24b. The front and rear waist-opening marginal stretchable regions 23a, 23b are defined between respective upper ends 25 of the waist-opening 21 and respective border lines 26 transversely extending along respective longitudinally opposite ends of the core panel 12 in the front and rear waist regions 17, 18. The front and rear waist stretchable regions 24a, 24b are defined between the respective border lines 26 and respective border lines 27 connecting points adjacent respective upper ends of the leg-

openings 22a, 22b. Each of the front and rear waist stretchable regions 24a or 24b comprises upper, intermediate and lower stretchable subregions 28a, 28b, 28c respectively dimensioned to have their width substantially equal to 1/3 of the front or rear waist stretchable region 24a or 24b. While it is not critical for the stretchable subregions 28a, 28b, 28c to have their widths (i.e. their dimensions as selected longitudinally of the article) substantially uniform, these stretchable subregions 28a, 28b, 28c are preferably adjusted, in this order, so as to extend over an upper zone, an intermediate zone (corresponding to the prominence apex) and a lower zone of a baby's prominent belly. Additionally, each of the stretchable subregions 28b is preferably dimensioned to have a width larger than both the stretchable subregions 28a, 28c so that a pressure exerted on the baby's belly may be alleviated.

The front and rear waist-opening marginal stretchable regions 23a, 23b as well as the front and rear waist stretchable regions 24a, 24b have, at least on an inner surface of the backsheet 11, elastic members 29, 30 each comprising a plurality of elastic threads bonded thereon under the tension of a desired elongation percentage so as to be capable of expansion and contraction circumferentially of the front and rear waist regions 17, 18. In the specific embodiment illustrated, the front and rear waist-opening marginal stretchable regions 23a, 23b have four elastic threads 29, respectively, and the front and rear waist stretchable regions 24a, 24b have three elastic threads 30 on the upper, intermediate and lower stretchable subregions 28a, 28b, 28c, respectively. However, it should be understood that the number of the elastic threads 29, 30 may be respectively at least one and preferably two to eight. If it is desired, a plurality of elastic threads 30 may be additionally provided on areas extending below the border lines 27. Longitudinal elongation stresses presented by the elastic member 29 in the front and rear waist-opening marginal stretchable regions 23a, 23b and the elastic member 30 on the upper, intermediate and lower stretchable subregions 28a, 28b, 28c of the front and rear waist stretchable regions 24a, 24b are as follows:

The stretchable region 23a \approx the stretchable region 23b.

The stretchable subregion 28a of the stretchable region 24a \approx the stretchable subregion 28a of the stretchable region 24b.

The stretchable subregion 28b of the stretchable region 24a \approx the stretchable subregion 28b of the stretchable region 24b.

The stretchable subregion 28c of the stretchable region 24a \approx the stretchable subregion 28c of the stretchable region 24b.

The stretchable region 23a (or 23b) $>$ the stretchable subregion 28a or 28c of the stretchable region 24a (or 24b).

The stretchable subregion 28a or 28c of the stretchable region 24a (or 24b) $>$ the stretchable subregion 28b

of the stretchable region 24a (or 24b).

The stretchable subregion 28c of the stretchable region 24a (or 24b) > the stretchable subregion 28a of the stretchable region 24a (or 24b), or the stretchable subregion 28c of the stretchable region 24a (or 24b) \approx the stretchable subregion 28a of the stretchable region 24a (or 24b).

Most preferably, the stretchable region 23a (23b) > the stretchable subregion 28c > the stretchable subregion 28a > the stretchable subregion 28b.

The aforesaid elongation stresses may be determined, for example, with samples of desired lengths and widths cut off the respective stretchable regions and subregions 23a, 23b, 28a, 28b, 28c of the diaper illustrated and elongated at desired elongation percentages, respectively. Of these elongation stress values determined in this manner, those values for the waist-opening marginal stretchable regions 23a, 23b are used as the basic values which are, in general, selected to be substantially equal to those in the diaper of pants type. For example, assuming that the elongation stresses are in a relationship of the stretchable region 23a > the stretchable subregion 28c > the stretchable subregion 28a > the stretchable subregion 28b, an arrangement will be preferable such that the elongation stress in the stretchable subregion 28c corresponds to approximately 60 to 80% of that in the stretchable region 23a, approximately 150 to 250% of that in the stretchable subregion 28a and approximately 250 to 350% of that in the stretchable subregion 28b which corresponds, in turn, to approximately 5 to 85% of that in the stretchable subregion 28a.

Such differences in the elongation stress are easily obtained by appropriately differentiating various factors such as the number, the nature of raw material, the cross-section and the elongation percentage for the respective elastic elements 29, 30 when they are applied to the diaper.

The embodiment shown by Fig. 3 is similar to the embodiment which has been described in connection with Figs. 1 and 2 so far as the number, the elongation stress and the spacing for placement of the elastic elements 29 in the front and rear waist-opening marginal stretchable regions 23a, 23b as well as of the elastic elements 30 in the front waist stretchable region 24a are concerned, but different from the embodiment of Figs. 1 and 2 with respect to the number, the elongation stress and the spacing for placement of the elastic elements 30 in the rear waist stretchable region 24b. More specifically, the elongation stress of the elastic member 30 in the rear waist stretchable region 24b is adjusted to be less than in the stretchable subregion 28c of the front waist stretchable region 24a.

The leg-openings 22a, 22b or the cutouts 16a, 16b to form the respective leg-openings 22a, 22b have, at least on an inner surface of the backsheet 11, elastic members 31 each comprising a plurality of elastic threads bonded thereto under the tension of a desired elongation percentage circumferentially of the leg-open-

ings 22a, 22b or along the curves of the cutouts 16a, 16b, respectively.

The waist-opening marginal stretchable regions 23a, 23b and the upper stretchable subregion 28a of the front waist stretchable region 24a extend over the upper region of a baby's belly so as to hold an inner surface of the diaper against this region with a relatively high tightness and thereby to prevent "slip down" of the diaper. The upper stretchable subregion 28a additionally serves to prevent a region of the diaper extending in the proximity of the upper end of the core panel 12 from being lifted off the baby's skin due to a relatively high rigidity of the panel 12. The intermediate stretchable subregion 28b of the front waist stretchable region 24a extends over a region of the baby's belly in the proximity of its prominence apex and is brought in relatively soft contact with said region so as to prevent the inner surface of the diaper on this region from being lifted off from a baby's skin without obstructing the baby's smooth abdominal breathing. The lower stretchable subregion 28c of the front waist stretchable region 24a extends over a lower region of the baby's belly not only to hold the inner surface of the diaper against this region with a relatively high tightness and thereby to prevent "slip down" of the diaper but also to avoid an apprehension that the inner surface of the diaper in the proximity of the upper ends of the respective leg-openings 22a, 22b might be lifted off the baby's skin due to a relatively high rigidity of the core panel 12 whereby a gap might be formed between the inner surface of the diaper and the baby's skin which causes excretion leakage. While the aforesaid function of the front waist stretchable region 24a is really achieved in cooperation with the rear waist stretchable region 24b, it should be understood that said function of the front waist stretchable region 24a has been considered independently of the rear waist stretchable region 24b, since, in view of a baby's particular body form, more importance should be attached to the front waist stretchable region 24a than the rear waist stretchable region 24b in order to solve the problems of "slip down" and excretion leakage.

The elastic members 29, 30 are bonded between the top-and backsheet 10, 11 by means of well known hot melt adhesive and, more preferably, by means of such adhesive having an elasticity in its cured state. While opposite ends of the elastic members 30 in the stretchable subregions 28c intersect opposite ends of the elastic members 31 according to the embodiments illustrated, it is obviously possible to arrange the elastic members 30, 31 without intersecting in this manner. However, the elastic members 30, 31 are preferably arranged so that said intersection occurs, since the elastic member 30 has a relatively high density in the regions involving such intersection and contributes to improvement of the diaper's fitting to the baby's skin.

According to an alternative arrangement of the elastic member 30 shown by Fig. 4, the elastic threads are replaced by tape-like elastic elements and each of the

stretchable subregions 28a, 28b, 28c has a single tape-like elastic element. Alternatively, as shown in Fig. 5, the stretchable subregions 28a, 28b, 28c may be formed by a single sheet having subregions 32a, 32b, 32c presenting elongation stresses corresponding to those of the aforesaid stretchable subregions 28a, 28b, 28c. Such sheet can be obtained by regulating an amount of discharged fibers so that the subregions 32b which should have a relatively low elongation stress may be formed with a weight per unit area less than those of the other subregions during a process of manufacturing an elastic melt blown nonwoven fabric.

Well known materials which have conventionally been employed to make the diaper of pants type may be employed for the components of the invention such as the top- and backsheet 10, 11, the core panel 12, and the elastic members 29, 30, 31.

The article according to the invention not only does not obstruct a baby's smooth abdominal breathing but also effectively prevents the aforesaid "slip down" of the article and therefore excretion leakage during use of the article, since, in view of the prominent belly and the abdominal breathing characteristics of babies, the elastic members are arranged in the front and rear waist stretchable regions in the manner as described in the appended Claims.

Claims

1. An absorbent article of pants type comprising a laminated panel composed of a liquid-permeable top-sheet, a liquid-impermeable backsheet and a liquid-absorbent core panel disposed between said top-sheet and said backsheet, said laminated panel being folded in two sections followed by bonding these two sections along transversely opposite side edges except a longitudinally intermediate region so as to define front and rear waist regions, a crotch region, a waist-opening and a pair of leg-openings, wherein there are provided first elastic means around said waist-opening so as to be circumferentially stretchable, second elastic means around each of said leg-openings so as to be circumferentially stretchable and third elastic means transversely extending between said waist-opening and said leg-opening across said core panel so as to be circumferentially stretchable, characterized in that:

said first elastic means is arranged in front and rear waist-opening marginal stretchable regions defined between respective upper ends of said waist-opening and respective first border lines transversely extending along respective upper ends of said core panel as viewed in said front and rear waist regions;
said third elastic means provided on said front waist region is arranged in a front waist stretch-

able region defined between said first border line in said front waist region and a second border line connecting respective upper portions of said pair of leg-openings;

said front waist stretchable region comprises upper, intermediate and lower stretchable subregions; and

said first elastic means in said front waist-opening marginal stretchable region presents an elongation stress higher than that presented by said third elastic means in each of said upper and lower stretchable subregions, and said third elastic means in said upper and lower stretchable subregions presents an elongation stress higher than that presented by said third elastic means in said intermediate stretchable subregion.

2. The article according to Claim 1, wherein said third elastic means in said lower stretchable subregion presents an elongation stress higher than that presented by said third elastic means in said upper stretchable subregion.

3. The article according to Claim 1, wherein said third elastic means in said lower stretchable subregion presents an elongation stress substantially equal to that presented by said third elastic means in said upper stretchable subregion.

4. The article according to Claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein said third elastic means in said rear waist region is arranged in a rear waist stretchable region defined between said first border line and said second border line in said rear waist region connecting respective upper portions of said pair of leg-openings;

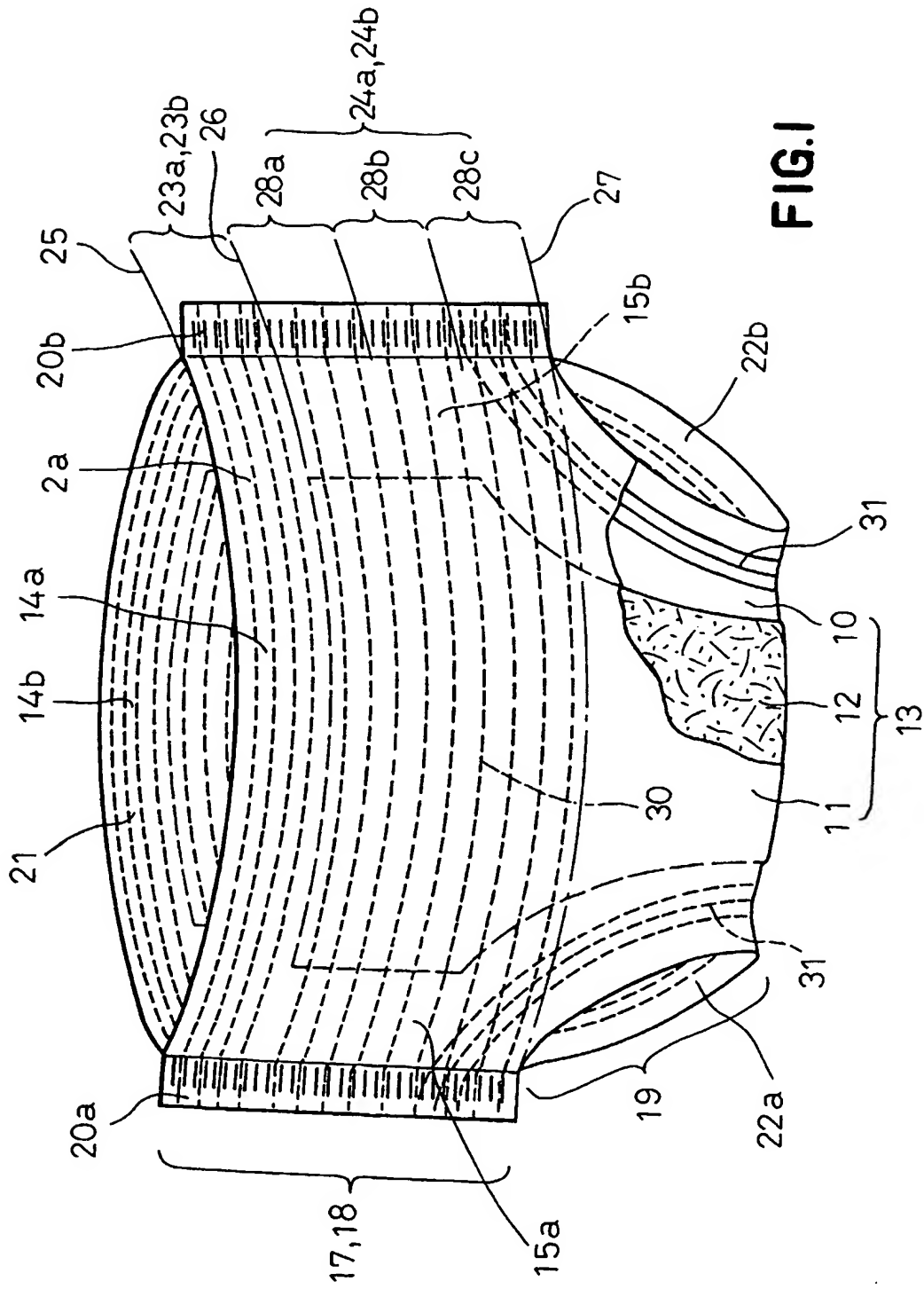
said rear waist stretchable region comprises upper, intermediate and lower stretchable subregions;

said first elastic means in said rear waist-opening marginal stretchable region presents an elongation stress substantially equal to that presented by said first elastic means in said front waist-opening marginal stretchable region but higher than that presented by said third elastic means in each of said upper and lower stretchable subregions of said rear waist stretchable region;

said third elastic means in each of said upper and lower stretchable subregions of said rear waist stretchable region presents an elongation stress substantially equal to that presented by said third elastic means in each of said upper and lower stretchable subregions of said front waist stretchable region but higher than that presented by said third elastic means in said intermediate stretchable subregion of said rear

waist stretchable region; and
said third elastic means in said intermediate
stretchable subregion of said rear waist stretch-
able region presents an elongation stress sub- 5
stantially equal to that presented by said third
elastic means in said intermediate stretchable
subregion of said front waist stretchable region.

5. The article according to Claim 4, wherein said third
elastic means in said lower stretchable subregion 10
of said rear waist stretchable region presents an
elongation stress higher than that presented by said
third elastic means in said upper stretchable subre-
gion of said rear waist stretchable region. 15
6. The article according to Claim 4, wherein said third
elastic means in said lower stretchable subregion
of said rear waist stretchable region presents an
elongation stress substantially equal to that pre- 20
sented by said third elastic means in said upper
stretchable subregion of said rear waist stretchable
region.
7. The article according to Claim 4, wherein said third
elastic means in said rear body stretchable region 25
presents an elongation stress substantially uniform
all over said rear waist stretchable region but lower
than that presented by said third elastic means in
said lower stretchable subregion of said front waist
stretchable region. 30
8. The article according to any preceding Claim,
wherein each of said upper, intermediate and lower
stretchable subregions of said front waist stretcha- 35
ble region comprises at least a single elastic ele-
ment as said third elastic means.
9. The article according to any preceding Claim,
wherein the number of elastic elements constituting
said third elastic means in said rear waist stretcha- 40
ble region is less than the number of elastic ele-
ments constituting said third elastic means in said
front waist stretchable region.
10. The article according to any preceding Claim, 45
wherein said third elastic means in said upper, in-
termediate and lower stretchable subregions of said
front waist stretchable region are formed by a single
sheet. 50
11. The article according to any one of Claims 4 to 7,
wherein said third elastic means in said upper, in-
termediate and lower stretchable subregions of said
rear waist stretchable region are formed by a single 55
sheet.



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FIG. 2

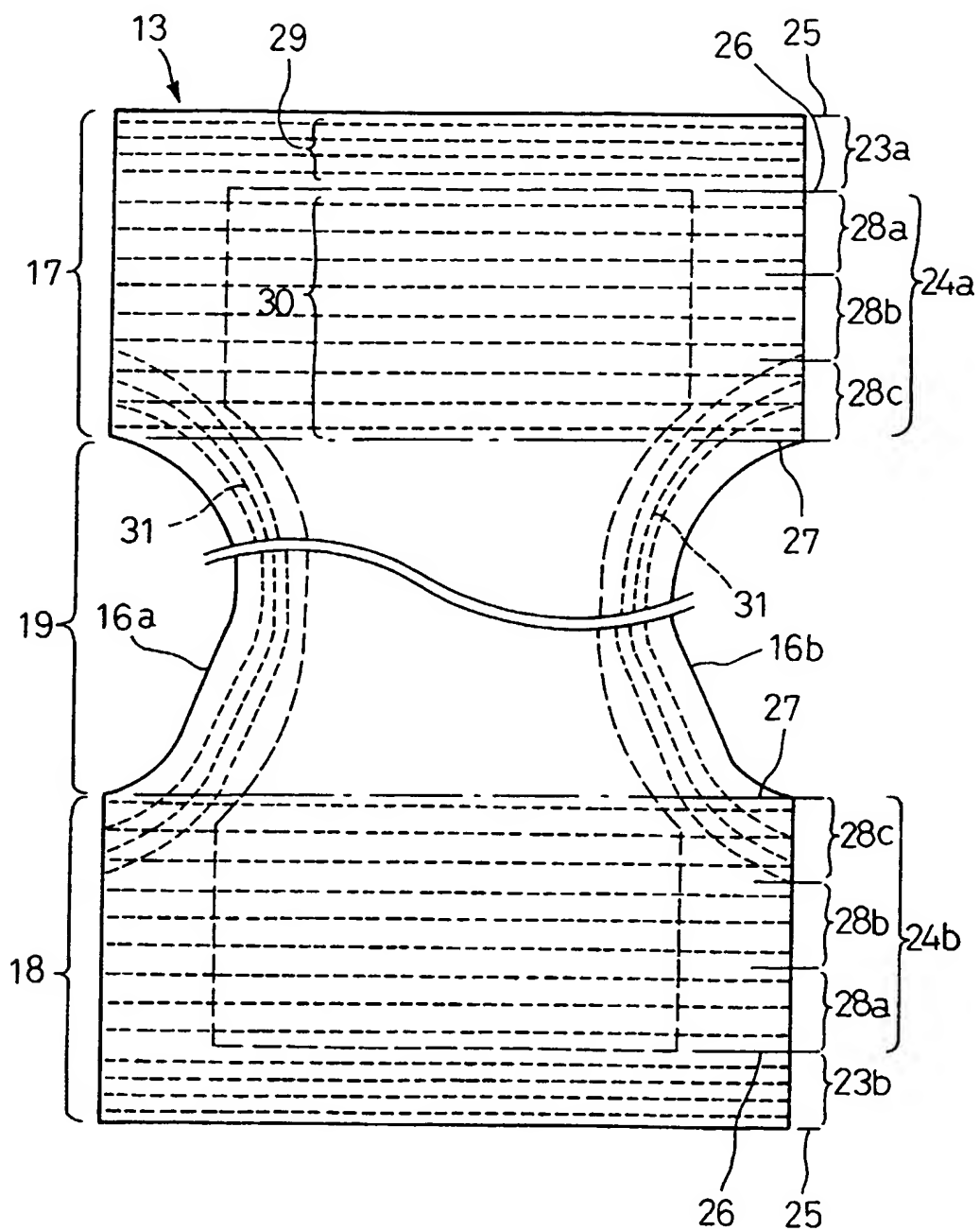


FIG.3

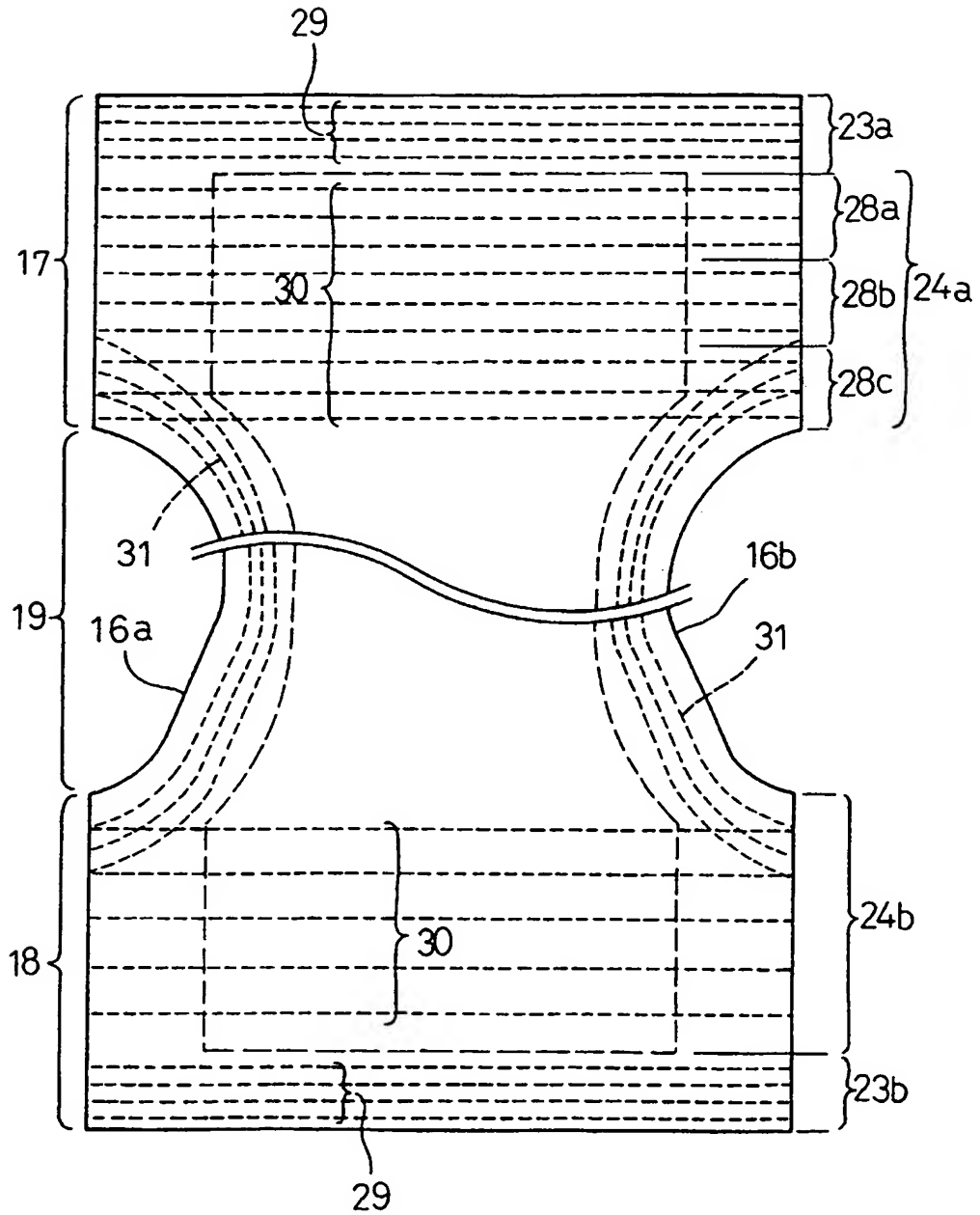


FIG.4

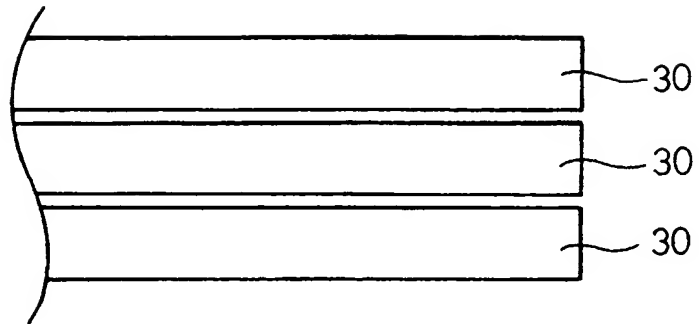


FIG.5

